No. 207.—The subjoined statement showing the villages of the Mysore Taluk to be absorbed with their neighbouring villages is published :—

Magani.	Number.	Villages to be retained.	No.	Villages to be absorbed in those mentioned in Col. 3.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Mysore ..	1	Kurbarhalli	1	Chithalli.	
Anandur ..	2	Kallurnaganahalli ..	1	Kanchanhalli	
Ilval ..	3	Hirilalu	1	Angodihalli.	
	4	Bommanhalli	1	Sorekayipura.	
Varkod ..	5	Chettanhalli	1	Naranhalli.	
Lingambudhi.	6	Lingambudhi	1	Malagal.	
	7	Kalalvadi	1	Rayankere.	
			2	Bannuru.	
	8	Hebbalu	1	Badabommanahalli.	
	9	Mulluru	1	Gulmachanhalli.	
Sindhavalli ..	10	Dodkanya	1	Somenahalli.	

The 9th October 1889.

No. 206.—The following subsidiary rules framed under Sections 14 and 49 of the Mysore Forest Rules of 1878, are sanctioned and published for general information :—

Under Section 14.

I. The undermentioned fines shall be levied on cattle found straying in a State or Reserved Forest in which grazing is not permitted or a Plantation or any other closed Forest notified as such :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
For each elephant	5	0	0
Do camel	1	0	0
Do buffalo	0	8	0
Do horse, mare, gelding, pony, colt, filly, mule, bull, bullock, cow or heifer, ass, goat or kid, ram, ewe, sheep, lamb, calf, or pig	0	4	0

II. The following scale of charges is fixed for impounded cattle while in custody :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
For each elephant per diem	1	0	0
Do camel do	0	8	0
Do buffalo do	0	4	0
For every other head of cattle do	0	3	0

III. The owner of impounded cattle or his agent shall, within 7 days from the date of their being impounded, pay to the pound-keeper the above fines and charges and take back his cattle ; failing which, the cattle will be sold by public auction by the Ranger in immediate charge, who shall be bound to give wide publicity to the intended sale in the neighbouring villages, seven days previous, and report at the same time the intended sale to the District Forest Officer. If, before sale, it comes to the notice of the District Forest Officer that any such cattle are not likely to fetch a fair price if sold as aforesaid, he may direct that the same be disposed of in such other manner as he thinks fit.

IV. If the owner or his agent appear and refuse to pay the said fines and charges on the ground that the seizure was illegal and that the owner is about to make a complaint, then, upon deposit of the fines and charges incurred in respect of the cattle, the cattle shall be delivered to him.

V. If the owner or his agent appear and refuse or omit to pay or to deposit the said fines and charges, the cattle or as many of them as may be necessary shall be sold by public auction by the aforesaid Ranger.

The fines leviable and the charges of feeding together with the expense of sale, if any, shall be deducted from the proceeds of the sale.

The remaining cattle and the balance of purchase-money, if any, shall be delivered to the owner or his Agent, together with an account showing—

(*a*) the number of cattle seized,
(*b*) the time during which they have been impounded,
(*c*) the amount of fines and charges incurred,
(*d*) the number of cattle sold,
(*e*) the proceeds of sale,
(*f*) the manner in which those proceeds have been disposed of.

The owner or his agent shall give a receipt for the cattle delivered to him and for the balance of the purchase-money, if any, paid to him according to such account.

VI. All complaints of illegal seizures shall be preferred to the Deputy Commissioner of the District within a month from the date of the seizure, who shall enquire into the matter and dispose of the same.

VII. Foresters or other subordinates of the Forest Department, when no separate persons are appointed, shall be *ex-officio* the keepers of Forest pounds.

VIII. Every pound-keeper appointed under these rules shall keep a register and enter therein when cattle are brought or removed to the pound—

(*a*) the number and description of animals,
(*b*) the day and hour on and at which they were so brought,
(*c*) the name, residence and occupation of the seizer, and
(*d*) the name and residence of the owner, if known.

IX. Any pound-keeper releasing or purchasing or delivering cattle contrary to these subsidiary rules or omitting to provide any impounded cattle with sufficient food or failing to perform any duties herein prescribed, shall be held to have committed an offence under Section 46 of the Mysore Forest Rules of 1878.

Under Section 49.

I. The informant through whose information any case of illegal possession of timber, sandalwood or other forest produce may be established, may, when such timber, sandalwood or forest produce has been sold for Government, be at the discretion of the Magistrate, ordering the confiscation of the timber, sandalwood or other forest produce, paid a reward of a sum not exceeding one-fourth in the case of sandalwood and one-third in the case of timber or other forest produce, of the net proceeds of such sale. In the case of sandalwood or timber which may be handed over to the Forest Department, and brought into the books of any Koti or Depôt, the reward shall be calculated on the value estimated by the Forest Department for such sandalwood or timber. The Magistrate when issuing the order for the confiscation of such timber, sandalwood or other forest produce, shall, at the same time, record whether the reward is to be paid or not.

II. Rewards may also be paid not exceeding one-half of the proceeds of the fines at the discretion of the Magistrate in cases of any importance in which convictions are secured without recovery of property of any large value which, if discovered and produced, would have been confiscated under the Forest Rules.

III. Non-Gazetted Government Officers as well as persons not in Government Service, through whose instrumentality the offenders were brought to justice, and the property liable to confiscation was discovered, are entitled to rewards under these rules, provided the offence committed was not in the Forest or Plantation, Depôt or Store in their charge and for the protection of which they are responsible.

IV. When more persons than one are entitled to the reward under these rules, the Magistrate shall determine the proportions in which it shall be divided amongst them.

V. Rewards granted under these rules shall be disbursed after the period of appeal has expired or the appeal has been rejected.

The 7th October 1889.

No. 210.—The following transfers of villages are sanctioned :—

1. Channapur.
2. Shanbhoganhalli. From the Seringapatam to the Nagamangala Taluk.
1. Chiksamudra.
2. Bettadpur. From the Nagamangala to the Attikuppa Taluk.

The 11th October 1889.

No. 211.—Mr. B. Garudachar, late Treasurer of the Bangalore District, has been appointed a Member of the Local Fund Board of the Bangalore District.

The 14th October 1889.

Camp No. 536.—Mr. N. Chelviengar, Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga District, will be in charge of the Shimoga District and will exercise the powers of a District Magistrate, during the absence of Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao on special duty or until further orders.

The 16th October 1889.

No. 212.—Under paragraph 2 of Section 236 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code (Regulation IV of 1888) the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to authorize the extension of the provisions of Chapters VIII and IX of the said Code to the Kayamgutta Villages of Hennaki and Rajapur attached to the Rajapur Lingayat Matt at Anekal.

1. The petition box kept at the Dewan's Office, Bangalore, will be cleared at 12 noon every day by the Chief Secretary, and in his absence from Bangalore by the Under-Secretary.
2. Petitioners will be heard at the Office of the Dewan at 3 P. M. on every Thursday.

By Order,
R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Chief Secretary.

The Dewan will receive Gentlemen who wish to see him at his Residence between 12 noon and 2 P. M. on every Saturday.

Native Gentlemen may, if they prefer it, call at 3 P. M. on the same day.

By Order,
K. DORASWAMI IYER,
Private Secretary.